

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Economics and Business Digital Business Undergraduate Study Program

Document Code

Courses																	•	
Courses			S	SΕN	/IES	TE	RI	_E <i>F</i>	ARN	IIN	G P	LA	N					
Courses			CODE			Cou	Course Family			С	redit W	/eight	s	SEMESTE		ompilat ate		
Accounting information system			6120903010							Т	=1 P=	2 ECTS=4	.77	2		ıly 17, 2		
AUTHORIZATION			SP Deve	loper							Co	urse	Cluster	r Coordinat	or S	Study Pro		
			oggar Bł								Re	nny S	ari Dew	vi		Hujjatulla		urrahma
Learning model	Project Based L	_earning																
Program	PLO study program which is charged to the course																	
Learning	Program Objectives (PO)																	
(DLO)	PO - 1			king s	system	of ac	count	ing inf	ormat	on and	d its fu	ınctior	n in a bı	usiness orga	anizati	ion;		
	PO - 2	Understand	d the ap	olicatio	on of ir	nforma	ation t	echno	logy ir	ı deve	loping	orgai	nization	al information	n sys	tems;		
	PO - 3	Understand	d the pri	nciple	s of int	ernal	contro	ol										
	PO - 4	Understand	d the vai	ious e	entities	invol	ved in	comp	iling ir	nforma	tion in	an o	rganizat	tion which is	applie	ed to each	accou	nting cy
	PO - 5	Understand	d the vai	ious g	jenera	l cycle	es of t	ransad	ctions									
	PO - 6	Using syste	em desiç	gn too	ls to de	escrib	e an a	accour	nting ir	nforma	tion sy	ystem						
	PLO-PO Matrix	x																
	PO Matrix at th	PO PO		1	stage 2	3	b-PO	5	6	7	8	Wee	ek 10	11 12	2 1	13 14	15	16
		PO-4																
		PO-5																
		PO-6																
														1 1				
Course Description	The use of an ac understanding, h of accounting ar decision making	nardware, so nd then cont	ftware a	nd ac h the	counti practio	ng ap	proac	hes is	need	ed. Ťh	e met	hod u	sed in t	the lecture i	s to e	quate the	retical	percept
	Main :					atrial:	D \\/\	oolor	2010			Infor		Customa F				
	1. Dull, Ric 2. triani Ni Empat.																	
References	1. Dull, Ric 2. triani Ni																	

Supporting lecturer

Dr. Ni Nyoman Alit Triani, S.E., M.Ak. Ika Diyah Candra Arifah, S.E., M.Com. Riska Dhenabayu, S.Kom., M.M. Loggar Bhilawa, S.E., M.Si., Ak. Renny Sari Dewi, S. Kom., M. Kom., MCE., MOS. Achmad Kautsar, S.E., M.M.

Week-	Final abilities of each learning stage	Evalua	tion	Lea Stude	elp Learning, rning methods, ent Assignments, stimated time]	Learning materials [References	Assessment Weight (%)
	(Sub-PO)	Indicator	Criteria & Form	Offline (offline)	Online (online)	1	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1	Perform key information flows in the business environment between external audit, internal audit and IT audit	1 Identify the flow of information in the business environment 2 Explain the functions of management and accounting 3 Develop REA models and ERP systems 4 Connecting Accountants as users, designers and auditors	Criteria: Holistic Rubric Criteria: Holistic Rubric Technique: Non-test form, composing and presenting Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Criteria: Descriptive rubric Accuracy of describing and explaining the material. Non-test form: 3 X 50 Assignment Sheet		Material: main information flows in the business environment between external audit, internal audit, and IT audit. References: Dull, Richard B., Ulric J. Gelinas, JR., Patrick R. Wheeler. 2018. Accounting Information Systems. Edition 11. United States of America.	5%
2	Explain Transaction Processing	1 Identify the basic concepts of transaction, expenditure, income and conversion cycles 2 Explain the purpose of each type of accounting record used in the transaction cycle 3 Draw data flow diagrams and entity relationship diagrams 4 Distinguish between batch and real-time systems	Criteria: Criteria: Holistic Rubric Criteria: Holistic Rubric Technique: Non-test form, composing and presenting Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Criteria: Descriptive rubric Accuracy of describing and explaining the material. Non-test form: 3 X 50 Assignment Sheet		Material: transaction process References: Dull, Richard B., Ulric J. Gelinas, JR., Patrick R. Wheeler. 2018. Accounting Information Systems. Edition 11. United States of America.	5%
3	Explain the relationship between ethics, fraud and control	Explain how the company handles issues regarding ethics Identify factors that shape fraud Analyze losses due to fraud based on position in the company Explain the concepts and procedures of internal control	Criteria: Criteria: Holistic Rubric Criteria: Holistic Rubric Technique: Non-test form, composing and presenting Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Criteria: Descriptive rubric Accuracy of describing and explaining the material. Non-test form: 3 X 50 Assignment Sheet		Material: the relationship between ethics, fraud and control. References: Dull, Richard B., Ulric J. Gelinas, JR., Patrick R. Wheeler. 2018. Accounting Information Systems. Edition 11. United States of America.	5%
4	Designing the revenue cycle	1 Explain the logical function of the revenue cycle 2 Describe the sales system manual procedures 3 Describe the back order process 4 Identify control activities specifically used in the revenue cycle 5 Compile the advantages of the automation system 6 Describes transaction processing procedures	Criteria: Holistic Rubric Criteria: Holistic Rubric Technique: Non-test form, composing and presenting Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Criteria: Descriptive rubric Accuracy of describing and explaining the material. Non-test form: 3 X 50 Assignment Sheet		Material: revenue cycle References: Dull, Richard B., Ulric J. Gelinas, JR., Patrick R. Wheeler. 2018. Accounting Information Systems. Edition 11. United States of America.	5%

5	Designing the expenditure cycle part I: Purchase and Cash Disbursement Procedures`	1 Explain purchasing activities and cash disbursements 2 Describe the batch cash disbursement system 3 Identify key internal controls in the cash disbursement cycle that comply with COSO (The Committee of Sponsoring Organizations) 4 Develop real-time purchasing/expenditure system re-engineering and its implementation 5 Explain the main differences between manual and automation activities in a batch system	Criteria: Criteria: Criteria: Task assessment rubric Accuracy of describing and explaining the material. Non-test form: Assignment Sheet Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Criteria: Descriptive rubric Accuracy of describing and explaining the material. Non-test form: 3 X 50 Assignment Sheet	Material: Cash Purchase and Disbursement Procedures References: Dull, Richard B., Ulric J. Gelinas, JR., Patrick R. Wheeler. 2018. Accounting Information Systems. Edition 11. United States of America. Material: Cash Purchase and Disbursement Procedures References: Dull, Richard B., Ulric J. Gelinas, JR., Patrick R. Wheeler. 2018. Accounting Information Systems. Edition 11. United States of America.	5%
6	Designing the expenditure cycle part II: Payroll and Fixed Asset Processing Procedures	1 Explains the payroll process from DFD to flow charts detailing manual system procedures 2 Explains the Batch payroll process, control implications to reengineering the payroll system 3 Develop a general logic process for the fixed asset system, which involves acquisition, asset maintenance and asset write-off	Criteria: Criteria: Task assessment rubric Accuracy of describing and explaining the material. Non-test form: Assignment Sheet Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Criteria: Descriptive rubric Accuracy of describing and explaining the material. Non-test form: 3 X 50 Assignment Sheet	Material: Payroll and Fixed Asset Processing Procedures References: Dull, Richard B., Ulric J. Gelinas, JR., Patrick R. Wheeler. 2018. Accounting Information Systems. Edition 11. United States of America.	5%
7	Designing the conversion cycle	1 Explain the Batch production process system, and the EOQ model 2 Explain the cost accounting subsystem in the conversion cycle that occurs in the production process 3 Explain the basic reasons quality is so important to world-class manufacturers. 4 Identify six groups of internal control activities 5 Explain the essence of a well-functioning production environment 6 Using CIM, CNC, CAM, CAD, MRP II, ERP, EDI.	Criteria: Criteria: Holistic Rubric Criteria: Holistic Rubric Technique: Non-test form, composing and presenting Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Criteria: Descriptive rubric Accuracy of describing and explaining the material. Non-test form: 3 X 50 Assignment Sheet	Material: conversion cycle References: Dull, Richard B., Ulric J. Gelinas, JR., Patrick R. Wheeler. 2018. Accounting Information Systems. Edition 11. United States of America.	5%
8	Midterm Exam (UTS)		Form of Assessment : Practice/Performance, Test	3 X 50		10%

9	Discussion of the	Application of theory to the	Criteria:	Criteria:	Material:	5%
	lecture system case	case of the lecture system	Criteria: Holistic Rubric Criteria: Holistic Rubric Technique: Non-test form, composing and presenting Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Accuracy of describing, explaining and resolving the case. Non-test form: Case 3 X 50	lecture system case Bibliography: triani Ni Nyoman Alit, Yanthi, Merlyana Dwinda, Putra Ricky Eka. 2017. Accounting Information Systems Practicum. 2017. Jakarta: Salemba Empat.	
10	Discussion of revenue cycle and cash collection cases	Application of theory to existing cases in the business world of revenue cycles and cash collections	Criteria: Criteria: Task assessment rubric Accuracy of describing and explaining the material. Non-test form: case study	Criteria: Accuracy of describing, explaining and resolving the case. Non-test form: Case 3 X 50	Material: revenue cycle and cash collections References: Dull, Richard B., Ulric J. Gelinas, JR., Patrick R. Wheeler. 2018. Accounting Information Systems. Edition 11. United States of America.	5%
11	Discussion of sales cycle cases	Application of theory to existing cases in the sales cycle business world.	Criteria: Criteria: Task assessment rubric Accuracy of describing and explaining the material. Non-test form: case study Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Criteria: Accuracy of describing, explaining and resolving the case. Non-test form: Case 3 X 50	Material: theory on existing cases in the sales cycle business world. Bibliography: triani Ni Nyoman Alit, Yanthi, Merlyana Dwinda, Putra Ricky Eka. 2017. Accounting Information Systems Practicum. 2017. Jakarta: Salemba Empat.	5%
12	Discussion of the case of the purchasing cycle and cash disbursements	Application of theory to existing cases in the business world of purchasing cycles and cash disbursements	Criteria: Criteria: Task assessment rubric Accuracy of describing and explaining the material. Non-test form: case study Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Criteria: Accuracy of describing, explaining and resolving the case. Non-test form: Case 3 X 50	Material: case of purchasing cycle and cash disbursements References: triani Ni Nyoman Alit, Yanthi, Merlyana Dwinda, Putra Ricky Eka. 2017. Accounting Information Systems Practicum. 2017. Jakarta: Salemba Empat.	5%
13	Discussion of the payroll cycle case	Analyze theories related to the Payroll cycle case	Criteria: Criteria: Task assessment rubric Accuracy of describing and explaining the material. Non-test form: case study Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Criteria: Accuracy of describing, explaining and resolving the case. Non-test form: Case 3 X 50	Material: theory related to the Payroll cycle case Literature: triani Ni Nyoman Alit, Yanthi, Merlyana Dwinda, Putra Ricky Eka. 2017. Accounting Information Systems Practicum. 2017. Jakarta: Salemba Empat.	5%

14	Discussion of the fixed asset cycle case	Analyze theories related to the case of the Fixed Asset cycle	Criteria: Criteria: Task assessment rubric Accuracy of describing and explaining the material. Non-test form: case study Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Criteria: Accuracy of describing, explaining and resolving the case. Non-test form: Case 3 X 50	asse case Refe trian Nyo Yan Meri Dwir Rick 201: Acce Infor Syst Prac 201:	ferences: ni Ni oman Alit, nthi, nthi, riyana inda, Putra ky Eka. 17. counting ormation stems octicum. 17. Jakarta: lemba	5%
15	Discussion of the conversion cycle case	Analyze theories related to the case of the Conversion cycle	Criteria: Criteria: Holistic Rubric Criteria: Holistic Rubric Technique: Non-test form, composing and presenting Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Tests	Criteria: Accuracy of describing, explaining and resolving the case. Non-test form: Case 3 X 50	conv cycle Refe trian Nyo Yan Meri Dwir Rick 201: Acce Infor Syst Prac 201:	rlyana rlyana rinda, Putra ky Eka. LT. counting cormation stems acticum. LT. Jakarta:	5%
16	Final Semester Examination (UAS)		Form of Assessment : Test	3 X 50			20%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Project Based Learning

No	Evaluation	Percentage
1.	Participatory Activities	62.5%
2.	Practice / Performance	5%
3.	Test	27.5%
		95%

Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program
 graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program
 obtained through the learning process.
- 2. The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- Program Objectives (PO) are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO) is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- Indicators for assessing ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify
 the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- 9. Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and subtopics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO and the total is 100%
- difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.

 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.