

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Languages and Arts, Javanese Language and Literature Education Undergraduate Study Program

Document Code

SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN											
Courses		CODE	Со	urse Family	e Family		Credit Weight		Compilation Date		
Javanese Syntax II		88202021	41			T=2 P=0	ECTS=3.18	5	July 17, 2024		
AUTHORIZATION		SP Develo	SP Developer		Course	Cluster C	oordinator	Study Program Coordinator			
								Latif Nur Hasan, S.Pd., M.Pd.			
Learning model	ı	Project Based L	earning								
Program		PLO study pro	gram that is ch	narged to the co	urse						
Outcom (PLO)		Program Objectives (PO)									
(PLO)		PLO-PO Matrix									
P.O											
		PO Matrix at th	e end of each	learning stage (Sub-PO)						
			P.O 1	2 3 4	5 6 7		Week 9 10	11 12	13 14	15 16	
Course and		Study of sentence structure (paramasastra) (classification of sentence types) to improve analytical skills in the field of syntax and for application in learning Javanese at school by utilizing science and technology based on a responsible attitude. This course is presented with a system of lectures, assignments, practice, discussions and presentations, and reflection.									
Referen	ces	Main :									
		 Wedhawati, dkk. 2001 Tata Bahasa Jawa Mutakhir . Jakarta: Departemen Pendidikan Nasional Valin, Van Robert and Randy J. Lapolla. 1997. Syntax: Structure, Meaning, and Function. Cambridge: United Kingdom at The Universit Miftahul Khairah dan Sakura Ridwan. 2014. S istaksis . Jakarta: Bumi Aksara. 									
		Supporters:									
Supporting lecturer Prof. Dr. Udjang Pairin, M.Pd. Prof. Dr. Surana, S.S., M.Hum.											
Week- each		al abilities of h learning ge b-PO)		Evaluation		Help Learning, Learning methods, Student Assignments, [Estimated time]		Learning materials [References	Assessment Weight (%)		
	Ir		Indicator	Criteria & Forr		ine (ine)	Online	(online)]		
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5	5)		(6)	(7)	(8)	

1	Understand the scope of syntax	Explain the scope of syntax	Criteria: 1.A indicates a Perfect grade 2.B indicates a Good value 3.C indicates a Fair value 4.D indicates Less value 5.E indicates a Very Poor value	PPT Presentation, discussion 2 X 50		0%
2	Understand the concept of BJ syntax	Explain the meaning of syntax and its basic concepts	Criteria: 1.A indicates a Perfect grade 2.B indicates a Good value 3.C indicates a Fair value 4.D indicates Less value 5.E indicates a Very Poor value	PPT presentation, discussion 2 X 50		0%
3	Understand the concept of phrases	Explain the meaning of the phrase	Criteria: 1.A indicates a Perfect grade 2.B indicates a Good value 3.C indicates a Fair value 4.D indicates Less value 5.E indicates a Very Poor value	PPT presentation, discussion 2 X 50		0%
4	Understand noun phrases	Explain the meaning of noun phrases, forms of noun phrases,	Criteria: 1.A indicates a Perfect grade 2.B indicates a Good value 3.C indicates a Fair value 4.D indicates Less value 5.E indicates a Very Poor value	PPT presentation, discussion 2 X 50		0%
5	Understand the expansion of noun phrases	Explain the meaning of noun phrase expansion	Criteria: 1.A indicates a Perfect grade 2.B indicates a Good value 3.C indicates a Fair value 4.D indicates Less value 5.E indicates a Very Poor value	PPT presentation, discussion 2 X 50		0%
6	Understand verb phrases	Explain the meaning of verb phrases	Criteria: 1.A indicates a Perfect grade 2.B indicates a Good value 3.C indicates a Fair value 4.D indicates Less value 5.E indicates a Very Poor value	PPT presentation, discussion 2 X 50		0%

7	Understand the functional relationship between elements in verb phrases	Explain the meaning of functional relationships between elements in verb phrases	Criteria: 1.A indicates a Perfect grade 2.B indicates a Good value 3.C indicates a Fair value 4.D indicates Less value 5.E indicates a Very Poor value	PPT discussion presentation 2 X 50		0%
8	UTS	UTS	Criteria: UTS	UTS 2 X 50		0%
9	Understand adjectival phrases	Explain the meaning of adjective phrases and the form of adjective phrases	Criteria: 1.Can Answer Correctly, Score: 2.A indicates a Perfect grade 3.B indicates a Good value 4.C indicates a Fair value 5.D indicates Less value 6.E indicates a Very Poor value	PPT presentation, discussion 2 X 50		0%
10	Understand the functional relationship between elements in adjective phrases	Explain the meaning of functional relationships between elements in phrases and the grammatical meaning of adjective phrases	Criteria: 1.Can Answer Correctly, Score: 2.A indicates a Perfect grade 3.B indicates a Good value 4.C indicates a Fair value 5.D indicates Less value 6.E indicates a Very Poor value	PPT presentation, discussion 2 X 50		0%
11	Understanding numeralia Phrases,	Explain the meaning of numeralia phrases, identify the form of numeralia phrases	Criteria: 1.Can Answer Correctly, Score: 2.A indicates a Perfect grade 3.B indicates a Good value 4.C indicates a Fair value 5.D indicates Less value 6.E indicates a Very Poor value	PPT presentation, discussion 2 X 50		0%
12	Understanding numeralia Phrases,	Explain the meaning of numeralia phrases, identify the form of numeralia phrases	Criteria: 1.Can Answer Correctly, Score: 2.A indicates a Perfect grade 3.B indicates a Good value 4.C indicates a Fair value 5.D indicates Less value 6.E indicates a Very Poor value	PPT presentation, discussion 2 X 50		0%

	Γ.		Γ	Т Т	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
13	Understand pronoun phrases	Explain the meaning of pronoun phrases, identify the form of pronoun phrases	Criteria: 1.Can Answer Correctly, Score: 2.A indicates a Perfect grade 3.B indicates a Good value 4.C indicates a Fair value 5.D indicates Less value 6.E indicates a Very Poor value	PPT presentation, discussion 2 X 50		0%
14	Understand adverbial phrases	Explain the meaning of prepositional phrases, identify the form of adverbial phrases	Criteria: 1.Can Answer Correctly, Score: 2.A indicates a Perfect grade 3.B indicates a Good value 4.C indicates a Fair value 5.D indicates Less value 6.E indicates a Very Poor value	PPT presentation, discussion 2 X 50		0%
15	Understand prepositional phrases	Explain the meaning of prepositional phrases, identify the form of prepositional phrases	Criteria: 1.Can Answer Correctly, Score: 2.A indicates a Perfect grade 3.B indicates a Good value 4.C indicates a Fair value 5.D indicates Less value 6.E indicates a Very Poor value	Discussion 2 X 50		0%
16	Understand the concepts of meeting 1 to meeting 15	Deepening of material concepts 1 to 15	Criteria: 1.Can Answer Correctly, Score: 2.A indicates a Perfect grade 3.B indicates a Good value 4.C indicates a Fair value 5.D indicates Less value 6.E indicates a Very Poor value	Discussion 2 X 50		0%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Project Based Learning

No	Evaluation	Percentage	
		0%	

Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program)
 which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special
 skills and knowledge.

- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO** (Sub-PO) is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course
- 5. **Indicators for assessing** ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. **Forms of learning:** Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- ${\bf 12.}\ \ {\bf TM\text{=}Face\ to\ face,\ PT\text{=}Structured\ assignments,\ BM\text{=}Independent\ study.}$