Document Code



Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Social Sciences and Law Sociology Undergraduate Study Program

SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN

	SEMESTER ELARAMINOT EAR																							
Courses			CODE				Course Family				Cred	lit We	ight		SEM	ESTER		Compilatio Date	n					
Economi	c and	l Industrial Socio	logy	6920102192									T=2	P=0	ECTS=	3.18		2		July 17, 20	.4			
AUTHOR	IZATI	ON		SP Develop	oer							Cours	e Clus	ter C	oordi	inator		Stud	y Prog	ram (Coordinato	r		
													Dr. Agus Machfud Fauzi, M.			Si.								
Learning model		Project Based Learning																						
Program		PLO study prog	gram w	hich is cha	rged	to the	cou	rse																
Learning Outcome		Program Objec	tives (F	PO)																				
(PLO)		PO - 1	Explair	ns the objects	s of st	udy an	ıd rese	earch m	netho	ds of e	conon	nic and	indust	rial so	ociolo	gy								
		PLO-PO Matrix																						
				P.O PO-1																				
		PO Matrix at the end of each learning stage (Sub-PO)																						
				P.O									Wee	k										
					1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10) :	11 1	.2	13	14	15	16			
			PO	-1																				
Short Course Descripti	ion	This course expla lifestyle, consume theories, the role discussions and s	er cultur of work	e, globalizati ers, and the	on, gl	obaliza	ation, g	glocaliz	ation	ı, comr	noditie	s and o	commo	odifica	ation.	This cou	irse a	lso ex	plains i	ndus	rial sociolo	ду		
Reference	ces	Main :																						
		 Damsar. Pengantar Sosiologi ekonomi . Kencana. Jakarta. 2009. Jones, Pip. Pengantar teori-teori sosial. Yayasan Obor Indonesia dan Pusat Perbukuan. Jakarta. 2009. Schneider Eugene V Sosiologi Industri . Aksara Persada. Jakarta. 1986 Suyanto Bagong. Sosiologi Ekonomi . Kencana. Jakarta. 2013. Bagong Suyanto dan Khusna Amal. Anatomi Perkembangan Teori Sosial.Aditya Media. Yogjakarta.2010 Damsar dan Indrayani. Sosiologi Pasar.Kencana.Jakarta.2018 																						
		Supporters:																						
Rahma Sugihartati.Perkembangan Masyarakat Informasi dan Teori Sosial Kontemporer.2014.Jakarta																								
Supporting lecturer Pambudi Handoyo, S.Sos., M.A. Diyah Utami, S.Sos., M.M. Febriandita Tedjomurti, S.Sosio., M.Sosio.																								
Week-	each	al abilities of n learning le		E	valua	ition						Lear Stude	lp Lea ning r nt Ass stimat	netho ignm	ods, ients,			m	earning aterials ference	;	Assessme Weight (%			
		(Sub-PO)		(Sub	ı	ndicator		Crit	eria &	Form		Off	line (offline)	0	nline	(online)					

Week-	Final abilities of each learning stage	n learning Evaluation			Help Learning, Learning methods, Student Assignments, [Estimated time]			
	(Sub-PO)	Indicator	Criteria & Form	Offline (offline)	Online (online)			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	
1	1.Explain the object of economic sociology study 2.Explain industrial sociology	☐ Explain the differences in economic phenomena from the perspective of economic sociology and pure economics	Criteria: Answer in detail Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Behavioristic/Expository ApproachDiscussion 3 X 50		Material: Differences in the scope of pure economics and economic sociology. Reference: Damsar. Introduction to Economic Sociology. Kencana. Jakarta. 2009.	2%	

2	1.Explain the differences between theories in economic sociology 2.Explaining phenomena in economic sociology theory	1. ☐ Able to explain economic sociology theories 2. ☐ Able to analyze digital era lifestyle 3. ☐ Able to explain the phenomenon of leisure class consumption	Criteria: Activeness in class and book review results Forms of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Explanation and discussion of 3 X 50	Material: Theories in economic sociology Reader: Bagong Suyanto and Khusna Amal. Anatomy of the Development of Social Theory. Aditya Media. Yogjakarta.	2%
3	1.Explain the differences between theories in economic sociology 2.Explaining phenomena in economic sociology theory	1.□ Able to explain economic sociology theories 2.□ Able to analyze digital era lifestyle 3.□ Able to explain the phenomenon of leisure class consumption	Criteria: 1.Class participation 2.Book reviews Forms of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment, Practice / Performance	Explanation and discussion 2 X 50	Material: Critical theory References: Bagong Suyanto and Khusna Amal. Anatomy of the Development of Social Theory. Aditya Media. Yogjakarta. 2010 Material: Informational Society Reader: Rahma Sugihartati. Development of the Information Society and Contemporary Social Theory. 2014. Jakarta Material: Critical theory Reference: Suyanto Bagong. Economic Sociology. Kencana. Jakarta. 2013.	2%
4	Explains the concepts and phenomena of production, distribution and consumption based on an economic sociology perspective	1.Can explain the meaning of the work of a digital society 2.Can explain the phenomenon of hyperreality 3.Can explain the phenomenon of McDonaldization	Criteria: 1.Active participation 2.Article review Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Discussion 2 X 50	Material: Theory and concepts of production Reference: Damsar. Introduction to Economic Sociology. Kencana. Jakarta. 2009.	2%
5	Explains the concepts and phenomena of production, distribution and consumption based on an economic sociology perspective	Explain distribution factors in economic sociology	Criteria: 1.Active participation 2.Book reviews Forms of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment, Practice / Performance	Discussion 2 X 50	Material: Theory and concepts of production Reference: Damsar. Introduction to Economic Sociology. Kencana. Jakarta. 2009.	2%
6	Explains the concepts and phenomena of production, distribution and consumption based on an economic sociology perspective	Explaining consumption factors in economic sociology	Criteria: 1.Active participation 2.Book reviews Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment	Lectures and discussions 2 X 50	Material: Theory and concepts of production Reference: Damsar. Introduction to Economic Sociology. Kencana. Jakarta. 2009.	2%
7	Explain the concept of markets in the era of digital society	Explain the online market phenomenon	Criteria: 1.Book reviews 2.Active participation Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment	Lectures and discussions 2 X 50	Material: Study of market phenomena in cyberspace. Reference: Damsar and Indrayani. Market Sociology. Kencana. Jakarta. 2018	2%

8	UTS	UTS	Criteria: UTS Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment, Test		UTS 2x50	Material: Economic activity in sociology Reference: Damsar. Introduction to Economic Sociology. Kencana. Jakarta. 2009.	26%
						Material: Critical theories Literature: Bagong Suyanto and Khusna Amal. Anatomy of the Development of Social Theory. Aditya Media. Yogjakarta.	
						Material: Information society Reader: Rahma Sugihartati. Development of the Information Society and Contemporary Social Theory. 2014. Jakarta	
						Material: Consumer society Literature: Suyanto Bagong. Economic Sociology. Kencana. Jakarta. 2013.	
9	Explain the theories of industrial sociology	Explain the differences between the theories of Karl Marx and Dahrendrof	Criteria: Active participation Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Practice/Performance	Lectures and discussions 2 X 50		Material: Industrial sociology theories Bibliography: Jones, Pip. Introduction to social theories. Indonesian Obor Foundation and Book Center. Jakarta. 2009.	2%
10	Explain industrial community relations	Explain how educational institutions respond to workforce demands	Criteria: Active participation Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Practice/Performance	Lectures and discussions 2 x 50		Material: Sociological problems in industrialization Reader: Schneider Eugene V Industrial Sociology. Persada script. Jakarta. 1986	2%
11		1.explains educational institutions responding to workforce demands 2.explain the changing patterns of family relationships of overseas migrant workers 3.the pattern of corporate hegemony through CSR	Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Practice/Performance	3 x 50			2%

12	Explain the phenomenon of the	☐ Explain the phenomenon of the	Criteria: Active participation	Lectures and discussions	Material: Cultural	2%
	cultural industry	cultural industry in Indonesia	Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	2 x 50	industry in critical theory studies References: Bagong Suyanto and Khusna Amal. Anatomy of the Development of Social Theory. Aditya Media. Yogjakarta. 2010 Material: Information industry and the digital world Reader: Rahma	
					Sugihartati. Development of the Information Society and Contemporary Social Theory. 2014. Jakarta	
13	Prepare a simple research proposal	Create a research proposal on the theme of economic and industrial sociology	Criteria: Proposals Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Presentation and discussion 2x50	Material: Sociological Economic Phenomena Reader: Suyanto Bagong. Economic Sociology. Kencana. Jakarta. 2013. Material: The	5%
					phenomenon of industrial sociology Bibliography: Schneider Eugene V Industrial Sociology. Persada script. Jakarta. 1986	
14	Prepare a simple research proposal	Create a research proposal on the theme of economic and industrial sociology	Criteria: Proposals Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Presentation and discussion 2x50	Material: Sociological Economic Phenomena Reader: Suyanto Bagong. Economic Sociology. Kencana. Jakarta. 2013.	5%
					Material: The phenomenon of industrial sociology Bibliography: Schneider Eugene V Industrial Sociology. Persada script. Jakarta. 1986	

15	Prepare a simple research proposal	Create a research proposal on the theme of economic and industrial sociology	Criteria: Proposals Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Presentation and discussion 2x50	Material: Sociological Economic Phenomena Reader: Suyanto Bagong. Economic Sociology. Kencana. Jakarta. 2013. Material: The phenomenon of industrial sociology Bibliography: Schneider Eugene V Industrial Sociology. Persada script. Jakarta. 1986	5%
16	UAS		Form of Assessment : Test			36%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Project Based Learning

No	Evaluation	Percentage					
1.	Participatory Activities	13.34%					
2.	Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	29%					
3.	Portfolio Assessment	3.34%					
4.	Practice / Performance	4.34%					
5.	Test	49%					
		99.02%					

Notes

- 1. Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- Program Objectives (PO) are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study
 material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO** (Sub-PO) is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- Indicators for assessing abilities in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the abilities or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined
 indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or
 qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. **Learning materials** are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.